Subie	ct: Geography – The Amazon Rainforest	Year: LKS2 - Year B – Spring
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NC/PoS: Locational knowledge		
 locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, 		
	Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Cap Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (includin	
Place	knowledge	
•	understand geographical similarities and differences geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a regi South America	
Huma	n and physical geography	
٠	describe and understand key aspects of:	
•	physical geography, including: climate zones, biome volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle	s and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains,
•	human geography, including: types of settlement an links, and the distribution of natural resources includ	
Geographical skills and fieldwork		
٠	use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer map studied	ping to locate countries and describe features
•	use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their kno	
٠	use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and press local area using a range of methods, including sketcl	n maps, plans and graphs
	_earning (what pupils already know and can d	
Know that Brazil is in South America. Know the key human and physical features of Brazil. Know the features of a river. Know that the Amazon river is the second longest river in		
the world and the longest in South America. Now the features of a rainforest biome.		
End Points (what pupils MUST know and remember)		
Know and understand the location and features of tropical rainforests.		
Locate the Amazon rainforest on a map.		
Know that the Amazon is the world's largest rainforest and most bio-divers place on Earth. Know that over half of the Amazon rainforest is situated in Brazil.		
Know that the Amazon river runs through the rainforest.		
Know the geographical features of the Amazon rainforest.		
Know that rainforests are a local and global resource.		
	the impact of deforestation.	
KNOW	ways in which rainforests can be protected.	
Key Vocabulary		
tropical, rainforest, basin, city, region, country, continent, climate, settlement, water cycle, indigenous, economic activity, agriculture, local, global, resources, oxygen, carbon,		
medicinal, employment, deforestation, greenhouse effect, climate change, carbon dioxide, afforestation, reforestation, reduce, reuse, recycle, consumption.		
Sessio		
On which continents and in which countries are rainforests found?		

Look at the global distribution of rainforests. Use Google Earth, Digimaps, atlases and globe to discover the answer to the question. Zoom in on South America, Brazil and the Amazon basin to gain an aerial view of the extensive area of tropical rainforest.

Vocabulary: tropical, rainforest, basin, Session 2:

Where is the Amazon rainforest?

Using Google Earth travel from Warrington Northwest England to Manaus (A city located on the Amazon river) in Amazonas, Brazil. Emphasis the cities, regions, countries and continents along the way.

Vocabulary: tropical, rainforest, city, region, country, continent. Session 3:

What is the Amazon rainforest like?

Explore climate, weather, biome, vegetation, wildlife, water cycle, settlements and land use, indigenous people, economic activity, agriculture

Vocabulary: climate, settlement, water cycle, indigenous, economic activity, agriculture. Session 4:

Why is the Amazon rainforest important locally and globally?

Local and global resource, global oxygen and carbon cycle, fresh water, medicinal plants, food, employment.

Vocabulary: local, global, resources, oxygen, carbon, medicinal, employment. Session 5:

What is the impact of deforestation?

Explore the negative impact that deforestation may have locally and globally. Explore the greenhouse effect, climate change, carbon dioxide, impact on animals and wildlife.

Vocabulary: deforestation, greenhouse effect, climate change, carbon dioxide. Session 6:

How could the rainforest be protected?

Possibility of afforestation and reforestation. Reduce, reuse and recycle - oil, gas, coal consumption, beef, paper,

Vocabulary: afforestation, reforestation, reduce, reuse, recycle, consumption Future learning this content supports:

The content of this unit supports future learning on climate change, human geography and sustainability.