

# UPPER KS2 AUTUMN TERM ENGLISH KEY LEARNING OUTCOMES/TEACHING YEAR B

YEAR GROUPS	AUTUMN 1			
5 & 6	<b>The Lost Happy Endings</b> 	<b>Hansel &amp; Gretel</b> CLASSIC FICTION 	<b>Queen of the Falls</b> 	<b>T'was the Night Before Christmas</b> Classic Poems 
<b>Key Writing Outcomes</b>	<b>Re-tell &amp; alternative ending (invention)</b>	<b>Letter from the children</b>	<b>Newspaper Report</b>	<b>Narrative Poem</b>

## ENGLISH NATIONAL CURRICULUM CONTINUOUS LEARNING

Key Learning: READING COMPREHENSION	Key Learning: WRITING COMPOSITION
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they read</b> by:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks</li> <li>- reading books that are structured in different ways &amp; reading for a range of purposes</li> <li>- increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions</li> <li>- recommending books they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices</li> <li>- identifying &amp; discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing</li> <li>- making comparisons within and across books</li> <li>- learning a wider range of poetry by heart</li> <li>- preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Understand what they read</b> by:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- checking the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context</li> <li>- asking questions to improve their understanding</li> <li>- drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence</li> <li>- predicting what might happen from details stated and implied</li> <li>- summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas</li> <li>- identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Discuss and evaluate how authors use language</b>, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader</li> <li>▪ <b>Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion</b></li> <li>▪ <b>Retrieve, record and present information</b> from non-fiction</li> <li>▪ <b>Participate in discussions</b> about books read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Plan writing</b> by:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own</li> <li>- noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>- in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Draft and write</b> by:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning</li> <li>- in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action</li> <li>- précising longer passages</li> <li>- using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs</li> <li>- using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining]</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Evaluate and edit</b> by:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>- proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>- ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing</li> <li>- ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Proof-read</b> for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>▪ <b>Perform their own compositions</b>, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear</li> </ul>

- **Explain and discuss their understanding** of what they have read, including through formal presentations & debates, maintaining a focus on the topic & using notes where necessary
- **Provide reasoned justifications** for their views

## ENGLISH NATIONAL CURRICULUM CONTINUOUS LEARNING

### Key Learning: SPOKEN LANGUAGE

- Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- Give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
- Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- Use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- Consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- Select and use appropriate registers for effective communication

## ENGLISH NATIONAL CURRICULUM BLOCKED LEARNING

### Key Learning: WORD READING

#### Etymology and Morphology

- Apply their growing **knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes** (morphology and etymology), **as listed in English Appendix 1 (application of spelling rules and guidance)**, both to read aloud and to understand the **meaning of new words** that they meet

#### Revisiting key learning priorities from KS1 and Lower KS2

*'It is essential that pupils whose decoding skills are poor are taught through a rigorous and systematic phonics programme so that they can catch up rapidly with their peers in terms of their decoding and spelling.'* English NC 2014 page 31. **Some pupils may only need a brief revision of the KS1 & lower KS2 learning priorities, but others may need more extensive support to attain upper KS2 learning priorities. For this reason, Y5/6 teachers may need to use guidance in KS1 & Lower KS2 Key Learning Outcomes to support targeted differentiated teaching for identified pupils who are working below age related expectations.**

### Key Learning: WRITING TRANSCRIPTION

#### Spelling

- Use further **prefixes and suffixes** and understand the guidance for adding them
- Spell some words with **'silent letters'** [for example, knight, psalm, solemn]
- Continue to **distinguish between homophones and other words** which are often confused
- Use knowledge of **morphology and etymology** in spelling and understand that the spelling of some words needs to be learnt specifically, **as listed in English Appendix 1**
- Use **dictionaries** to check the spelling and meaning of words
- Use the **first three or four letters of a word to check spelling**, meaning or both of these in a dictionary
- Use a **thesaurus**

#### Handwriting and presentation

Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by choosing:

- Which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters
- The writing implement that is best suited for a task.

### Key Learning: VOCABULARY, GRAMMAR AND PUNCTUATION

#### Vocabulary and Grammar

**Develop understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:**

- Recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms
- Using passive verbs to affect presentation of information in a sentence
- Using the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause
- Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely
- Using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility
- Using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (i.e. omitted) relative pronoun
- **Learning the grammar for years 5 and 6 in English Appendix 2**

#### Punctuation

- Using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing
- Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity
- Using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis
- Using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses
- Using a colon to introduce a list
- Punctuating bullet points consistently

#### Terminology

*Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading*