Subject: MFL Year: LKS2 Year B

Term: Autumn

TOPIC: My School (Rooms and Classroom Items), Myself, My Family (Members and

Body Parts)

NC/PoS:

Reading:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can understand the main points and simple opinions of a longer written passage (e.g. letter, recipe, poem, story, an account)
- Recognises conjunctions to create extended sentences
- Reads carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- Can recognise, understand and read out familiar words, phrases and sentences
- Can read aloud familiar and make a good attempt to read aloud unfamiliar words and phrases and sentences
- Can understand and gather information in extended sentences and sequences of sentences in written text
- Can identify and read aloud unfamiliar language containing familiar sounds
- Appreciates simple stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- Able to broaden their vocabulary using reference tools e.g. bilingual dictionaries and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary

Listening:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Carefully answers simple questions on several topics and can express opinions
- Can understand the main points from a series of spoken sentences (including questions) may require some repetition
- Can understand and gather information in extended sentences and sequences of sentences in written text
- Can listen to and join in with rhymes, songs and stories
- Can understand the main points and simple opinions of a longer spoken sequences

Writing:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can write two or three shore sentences as a personal response using references to materials / with support
- Attempts to use accurately nouns and adjectives
- Uses conjunctions to create extended sentences
- To write a short text attempting to use accurately nouns, adjectives and some commonly used and regular verb in the present tense on a familiar topic

Speaking:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can understand the main points from a series of spoken sentences (including questions) may require some repetition
- Asks questions and answers simple questions on several topics and can express opinions

- Explores the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- Develops accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases

Prior Learning

(Examples of the below can be found in previous term MTP session breakdowns)

EYFS & KS1

- Can listen, respond and say numbers up to 10 in Spanish
- Can attempt to say a number or sequence of numbers in Spanish
- · Can join in with 'Finger Family' song

Long-term Learning (what pupils MUST know and remember) end goals

- Can say and write the name of rooms in school in Spanish
- Can say and write nouns for some classroom objects in Spanish
- Can complete the sentence "Hay (there is/there are) with classroom object nouns.
- Can understand and respond to body part nouns in Spanish
- Can write a description of a person using nouns, numbers and colours in Spanish

Key Vocabulary Spanish Translation	Key Vocabulary English Translation
Este es un colegio en Espana los baños el salon la oficina la clase de computación la sala de profesores receso la clase	This is a school in Spain the bathrooms the hall the office the computer class the teachers' room playground the class
Mesa silla, Regla Lapiz Boligrafo Tijeras Libro El pie, pies	Table Chair Ruler Pencil Pen Scissors book The foot, feet
El brazo, brazos La mano, manos	The arm, arms The hand, hands

La Cabeca	The head
La rodilla, rodillas	The knee, knees
Mueve	Move
Toca	Touch
Baila	Dance
Tiene	Have

Session 1:

Saying and writing the names of rooms in my school

Eg. Este es un colegio en Espanol, los baños, el salon, la oficina, la clase de computación, la sala de profesores, receso, la clase (This is a school in Spain, the bathrooms, the hall, the office, the computer class, the teachers' room, playground, the class).

Session 2:

Saying and writing nouns for classroom items

Eg. Mochila, mesa, silla, regla, pegamento, lapiz, boligrafo, tijeras, lapices de colores, goma, sacapuntas, libro (Backpack, table, chair, ruler, glue, pencil, pen, scissors, colored pencils, eraser, sharpener, book).

Session 3:

Say nouns for parts of the body and face

Eg. El pie, El brazo, La mano , La cabeza, La rodilla (the foot, the arm, the hand, the head, the knee).

Session 4:

Understand and respond to face and body parts nouns

Eg. El pie, El brazo, La mano, La cabeza, La rodilla (the foot, the arm, the hand, the head, the knee).

Session 5:

Understanding and responding to face and body parts nouns and commands

Eg. Mueve el pie (Move your knees), Toca las piernas (Touch your legs) Baila el braza (dance with your arms).

Session 6:

Identify singular and plural parts of the face and body

Eg. Brazo- brazos, pie-pies, mano, manos, ojo-ojos (arm-arms, foot-feet, hand- hands, eye-eyes)

Session 7:

Describing people using nouns, numbers and colour I have learnt

Eg. Tiene dos ojos azules. Ella tiene el cabello rojo. Tiene dos piernas. Ella tiene dos orejas rojas. (He has two blue eyes. She has red hair. He has two legs. She has two red ears.)

Session 8:

Write a simple description of a familiar animal or person

Eg. Una araña tiene seis ojos y ocho piernas (A spider has six eyes and eight legs). Mama tiene dos ojos azules y el cabello rojo. (Mum has two blue eyes and red hair).

Subject: MFL Year: LKS2 Year B

Term: Spring

TOPIC: Places (Where I Live), Calendar (My Age, Carnival)

NC/PoS:

Reading:

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- Can understand the main points and simple opinions of a longer written passage (e.g. letter, recipe, poem, story, an account)
- Recognises conjunctions to create extended sentences
- Reads carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- Can recognise, understand and read out familiar words, phrases and sentences
- Can read aloud familiar and make a good attempt to read aloud unfamiliar words and phrases and sentences
- Can understand and gather information in extended sentences and sequences of sentences in written text
- Can identify and read aloud unfamiliar language containing familiar sounds
- Appreciates simple stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
- Able to broaden their vocabulary using reference tools e.g. bilingual dictionaries and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary

Listening:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Carefully answers simple questions on several topics and can express opinions
- Can understand the main points from a series of spoken sentences (including questions) may require some repetition
- Can understand and gather information in extended sentences and sequences of sentences in written text
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- Can understand the main points and simple opinions of a longer spoken sequences

Writing

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can write two or three shore sentences as a personal response using references to materials / with support
- Attempts to use accurately nouns and adjectives
- Uses conjunctions to create extended sentences
- To write a short text attempting to use accurately nouns, adjectives and some commonly used and regular verb in the present tense on a familiar topic

Speaking:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can understand the main points from a series of spoken sentences (including questions) may require some repetition
- Asks questions and answers simple questions on several topics and can express opinions
- Explores the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- Develops accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases

Prior Learning

(Examples of the below can be found in previous term MTP session breakdowns)

EYFS & KS1

- Can listen and respond physically to numbers 1-10
- Can join in and attempt to sing 'Cumpleanos Feliz"
- Know there are similarities and difference between English and Spanish cultures
- Can say "What's your name?" and "My name is..." in Spanish

Long-term Learning (what pupils MUST know and remember) end goals

- Can answer questions about where they live in Spanish
- Can identify differences between a Spanish town and Warrington in Spanish
- Can recall some facts about the Spanish festival of Carnival
- Can ask and answer questions about their age in Spanish
- Say and write some numbers between 1-31

Key Vocabulary Spanish Translation	Key Vocabulary English Translation
¿Donde vives? Vivo en Inglaterra	Where do you live? I live in England
iHoy es carnaval! ¿Cuántos años tienes? tengo cinco años	Today is carnival! How old are you? tengo cinco años (I am five years old)

Session 1:

To say where I live in Spanish

Eg. ¿Donde vives? Vivo en Warrington, Inglaterra. (Where do you live? I live in Warrington, England.).

Session 2:

Asking "Where do you live?" and understanding the answers

Such as: ¿Donde vives? Vivo en Granada ¿Donde vives? Vivo en Barcelona, ¿Donde vives? Vivo en Salamanca (Where do you live? I live in Granada. Where do you live? I live in Barcelona, where do you live? I live in Salamanca)

Session 3:

To know some facts about the Carnival celebration in Spain

Such as: The word 'Carnival' coming from the Italian word 'carne vale' meaning 'good bye to the flesh' so this is related to Mardi Gras (Fat Tuesday/Shrove Tuesday) which has the same religious origin meaning. Children look at similarities and differences between English Shrove Tuesday (Pancakes) and Spanish Mardi Gras.

Session 4:

Say and write some numbers between 1-31

Such as: 1,2,3.... (uno dos tres...)

Session 5:

To ask and answer my age in Spanish

Such as: ¿Cuántos años tienes? (How old are you?) tengo cinco años (I am five years old) tengo siete años (I am seven years old). Tengo ocho años (I am eight years old).

Session 6:

Taking part in simple dialogue about myself

Such as: Me llamo..., estoy....., tengo x anos, mi animals favorito es...., mi color favorito es.... (My name is..., I am..., I am x years old, My favorite animals is...., My favorite color is....)

Subject: MFL Year: LKS2 Year B

Term: Summer

TOPIC: Food (Ice Cream), Adjectives (The Weather)

NC/PoS:

Reading:

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- Can understand the main points and simple opinions of a longer written passage (e.g. letter, recipe, poem, story, an account)
- Recognises conjunctions to create extended sentences
- Reads carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
- Can recognise, understand and read out familiar words, phrases and sentences
- Can read aloud familiar and make a good attempt to read aloud unfamiliar words and phrases and sentences
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- Can write two or three shore sentences as a personal response using references to materials / with support
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- To write a short text attempting to use accurately nouns, adjectives and some commonly used and regular verb in the present tense on a familiar topic

Speaking:

A focus on sound spelling runs throughout the language teaching

- Can understand the main points from a series of spoken sentences (including questions) may require some repetition
- Asks questions and answers simple questions on several topics and can express opinions
- Explores the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- Develops accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases

Prior Learning

(Examples of the below can be found in previous term MTP session breakdowns)

EYFS & KS1

- Know similarities and differences of weather in different countries.
- Can describe the weather by using some key words in Spanish.

Long-term Learning (what pupils MUST know and remember) end goals

- Can say different types of weather phrases in Spanish
- Can name the seasons in Spanish
- Can write a simple sentence to describe the weather in Spanish
- Can say ice cream flavours and spot sounds in the flavours in Spanish
- Can say an ice cream order in Spanish

Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary
Spanish Translation	English Translation
Un helado Limón Fresa Vainilla ¿Qué tiempo hace? Hace sol — Hace viento Hay niebla Hace calor Hace frío Está nevando Está lloviendo Primavera el verano Invierno otoño	An ice-cream Lemon Strawberry vanilla What's the weather like? It's sunny It's windy It's foggy It's hot It's cold It's raining Spring Summer Winter Autumn
Invierno	Winter

Session 1:

Saying and remembering different flavours of ice cream

Eg. Un helado de chocolate- a chocolate ice cream. Un helado de limón - a lemon ice cream. Un helado de fresa - a strawberry ice cream. Un helado de frambuesa - a raspberry ice cream. Un helado de menta - a mint ice cream. Un helado de vainilla - a vanilla ice cream.

Session 2:

Identifying sounds in ice cream flavours

Eg. "vai" "nilla" "buesa" "helado"

Session 3:

Asking for my own perfect ice cream

Eg. Me gustaría – I would like Un helado- an ice cream Un helado de chocolate- a chocolate ice cream Un helado de limón - a lemon ice cream Un helado de fresa - a strawberry ice cream Un helado de frambuesa - a raspberry ice cream Un helado de menta - a mint ice cream Un helado de vainilla - a vanilla ice cream Por favor- please

Session 4:

Saying different types of weather

Eg. Sol, Iluvia, viento y nieve. (Sun, rain, wind and snow)

Session 5:

Describe the weather in different seasons

Eg. En primavera hace sol (In Spring it's sunny). En winter está nevando y Hace frío (In Winter it's snowing and cold).

Session 6:

Use simple phrases to give a weather forecast

Eg. En Mallorca hace sol y esta nublado (In Mallorca, it's sunny and foggy). En A Cornua hace frior y esta loviendo (In A Cornua it's cold and it's raining).