Nursery - UW- The Natural World

Geography progression through EYFS

Playing & Exploring - Engagement	Active Learning - Motivation	Creating & Thinking Critically - Thinking			
 Finding out & exploring Playing with what they know Being willing to 'have a go' 	 Being involved & concentrating Keep on trying Enjoying achieving what they set out to do 	 Having their own ideas (creative thinking) Making links (building theories) Working with ideas (critical thinking) 			

ELG –UW- The World

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of plants and animals
- Know some similarities & differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class
- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Location	Place		Human and Physical		Geographical skills and fieldwork	Vocabulary- To be used daily.
Nursery	Comment and ask questions about aspects of	Talk about some of the thing sheared in different places.	gs they have	•	to notice and discuss patterns	Observe and identify features in the place they	Environment, place, quiet,
Skills	their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world • Know that there are different countries in the world & talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos	Observed in different places Comments & asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world Make imaginative & complex 'small worlds' with blocks & construction kits, such as a city with different buildings & a park		 around them, e.g. rubbings from grates, covers, or bricks. Identify seasonal patterns – focusing on plants and animals. Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can have on the environment 		live and the natural world. • Find out about their environment and talk about features they like and dislike. • Use diverse range of props, photos, books to notice & talk about similarities & differences	busy, calm, noisy, similar, same, different, old, new, past, present.
Nursery	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spr	ing 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Knowledge	All About Me	Families and Celebrations			Growing and changing	People Who Help Us	

	Traditional Tales and farm animals			Chester Zoo/Knowsley Safari
 Can describe the location of special events eg parks, cinema, beach. Can say what they like and dislike about indoor and outdoor classroom. Can talk about who lives in their home. Talk about seasonal changes. What can we see in Autumn, Winter, Spring and Summer link to weather, clothing and trees. 	Can describe the features of farm. Can build their own farm and include key features for animal homes.	 Can explain why we see plants and flowers growing in the spring and the Summer. Can explain the best places for flowers, and vegetables to grow and explain why. 	 Know our school is based in Warrington which is in England. Can name some significant places in Warrington- Park, swimming, Shopping etc. Know the names of other countries and can explain similarities and Differences. To name a variety of different homes such as barn, castle, tent caravan, flat, detached. 	 To explain the effect of poaching on the environment. To be able to explain the consequences of not putting our rubbish in the bin.

Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key learning knowledge and skills. Timeline of events to be placed up on class walls so children can continually retrieve prior learning. Class floor books to be used to showcase a learning journey over time of significant events

<u>Experiences</u>	<u>SMSC</u>	British values	WPAT/school values
Forest school activities	Moral – children are taught how to look after their	Respect and tolerance is discussed when children	Responsibility is taught through forest schools by
Chinese New Year celebration	environment and why.	notice what other people do and mirror it or chose to	caring for their environment.
Farm visit	Social & Cultural – Children are taught that there are	do differently.	Responsibility is taught when they learn about the
	different countries in the world and they can talk		effect their behaviour can have on the environment.
	about the differences they have experienced or seen		
	in photos.		

Reception - UW- The Natural World

Geography progression through EYFS

Educational Programme: Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG: UW/ The Natural World

■ Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of plants and animals ■ Know some similarities & differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences & what has been read in class ■ Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons

Focus	Location	Place	Human and Physical	Geographical Skills and	Vocabulary- to be used daily
				Fieldwork	

Reception Skills, Knowledge & Understanding	Observe, find out about and identify features in the place they live and in the natural world. Find out about their environment and talk about those features they like/dislike. Encourage children to express opinions on natural and built environments and give opportunities for them to		es in the place they live and tural world. Talk about features. Telp children to find outhe environment by talking people, examining graphs and simple maps siting local places. Recognise some	and talk about the changes they see. about features. be children to find out environment by talking beople, examining obs and simple maps ing local places. ognise some s & differences life in this country & life and talk about the changes they see. • Talk about the similarities and differences between them and their friends and well as looking at photos of children and places around the world. • Explain that human activity can influence and impact on the world, meaning that things happen as a result of our actions		Describe some actions which people in their own community do that help to maintain the area they live in. Draw information from a simple map Interpret range of sources of geographical information, including maps, globes, photographs		 All Language listed in Nursery AND Use appropriate Geographical language - e.g., 'town', 'village', 'road', 'path', 'house', 'flat', 'church', 'mandir', 'aerial', 'map', 'key', 'country', 'locate', 'direction', 'compass', 'north', 'east', 'south', 'west', 'field work', 'seasons', 'weather', 'symbol', 'similar', 'different'. Encourage the use of words that help children to express opinions, e.g., 'busy', 'quiet' and 'pollution' make distinctions in their observations. Pose carefully framed openended questions, such as "How can we?" or "What would happen if? 	
Learning Outcomes	Autumn 1 My Environment & Me	Autumn 2 Special Times 8 Special Places	Spri Same and		Spring 2 Lifecycle		Summer 1 In My Garden	1	Summer 2 People in our Community
	immediate environment – Welly Walk. Identify the human and physical features. Know own address. Know the name of their school. Describe their own home. Describe the environment and what we see in photographs. Name different buildings in their local area – e.g., shops, schools, churches. Identify the forest and describe the forest and describe the forest and describe the know that Warringto Use a BeeBot to plan Draw simple maps of features. Plan a route from hor Talk about significant Construct and label and Identify the human and Identify the Identify the human and Identify the Identification the Identific			heir similarities and differences. In is in England. In a route and explain directions. If the school grounds – identifying geographical Ime to school. It places in Warrington. It places in Warrington. In a aerial view model of Warrington. Ind physical features of the school grounds. In hanges - understand that weather can be hot, cold, dry		places in our local community and identify the human and physical features. Know that England is a part of the UK. Talk about the impact of human activity – recycling - the impact on animals and the environment. Describe similarities and differences between different countries. e.g., England, Spain and Brazil. Know that Brazil is a country in the world. Know that countries can have similarities and differences. Ity Collect and record data on our local community – How many cars do we see?			
	Location			Place			Human & Physical		

□ Children to be exposed to key vocabulary daily in provision. □ High quality text to be chosen for story times that allow for questioning opportunities relating to key learning knowledge and skills. □ Experience of school foot print through journeys - to Owl Wood (Forest School) and Daily Mile.